

Women, particularly young women and girls, may experience more SGBV during and in the aftermath of crises caused by extreme weather events. This risk is heightened when food insecurity increases, when collecting water and firewood, or when staying in temporary shelters. Tolerância Zero! will work closely with MGCAS and concerned stakeholders to develop a preparedness plan, including prevention, response and mitigation of SGBV as well as ensuring strengthening multisectoral integrated services through the police, social protection, health and legal services. The Action will apply 'Building Back Better' principles and the PSEA guidelines to integrate specific shock-sensitive and gender-sensitive solutions, such as crisis modifiers, and any other SGBV-related measures.

Outcomes of the SEA screening; Outcomes of the EIA (Environmental Impact Assessment) screening ; Outcome of the CRA (Climate Risk Assessment) screening: no need for SEA, EIA and CRA screenings.

Gender equality and empowerment of women and girls

As per the OECD Gender DAC codes identified in section 1.1, Tolerância Zero! is labelled as G2. This implies that gender equality and women empowerment is its principal objective. Besides focusing on SGBV, gender equality is mainstreamed throughout the programme. Gender inequalities in Mozambique are severe and social, economic, and political disadvantages are pervasive. That is also the case for Manica and Gaza, which are among the provinces with the highest rates of child marriage and sex trafficking respectively. Without concerted actions to identify, mitigate and monitor these inequalities, it is likely that the situation will worsen, undermining the gains and investments previously made in these provinces.

Women and girls are especially vulnerable due to poverty. Formal and informal leadership structures and decision making are mostly male dominated. Tolerância Zero! will monitor that women are part and parcel of the planning, decision making and implementation processes through the community structures, and that survivors of SGBV participate in economic empowering activities.

Human Rights

Tolerância Zero! adopts a human rights-based approach. As part of its prevention endeavours, it will further disseminate and build awareness on laws such as the 22/2019 Laws of the Family, 23/2019 Law on Child Marriage, and the 23/2019 Law of the Successions. Also, State actors are accountable duty-bearers for the provision of basic services to communities, SGVB survivors and rights-holders. Tolerância Zero! seeks to strengthen the capacities of State actors to provide essential gender-sensitive services in public infrastructures such as the CAIs and to reach remote communities through the mobile brigades and at the same will support right-holders in awareness-raising, participation and community dialogue. Besides the provision of essential services, activities include the capacity development of stakeholders on gender transformative and human rights-based approaches. Tolerância Zero! will respect the five human rights-based principles: i) respect to all human rights; ii) non-discrimination; iii) participation; iv) transparency, and v) accountability.

Disability

Persons with disabilities face enormous barriers to access services and face discrimination and stigmatization, which expose them to risks of physical, sexual and emotional violence and abuse. Organisations of persons with disabilities will be part of the programme planning, decision making and implementation processes through the community structures, and the rights of persons with disabilities will be integrated into the training courses for Government and CSOs and CBOs staff, activists and community leaders. Organisations of persons with disabilities will also advise on the adaptation of selected IEC materials to make them accessible. Any rehabilitation of infrastructure (e.g. CAIs and SAAJs) will be accessible. Persons with disabilities will be linked with inclusive referral pathways. Data will reflect the number of PWD. Women's movements and civil society will also include persons with disabilities and advocate for their rights.

Democracy